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2. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We Express Our Sincere Thanks to Dr. Anand Tiwari, Principal, Govt. Autonomous Girls Post Graduate College of Excellence, Sagar for his kind support and Giving us the assignment to contribute in their effort towards Green initiatives & efficient energy management in the college.

We are highly indebted to Dr. Renu Bala Sharma, IQAC Coordinator, Dr. Naveen Gideon And Dr. M.K. Mishra IQAC Members for their guidance, intellectual advice and his kind support in completing the project.

Our boundless gratitude to other teaching and non-teaching staff associated with this Energy Audit, Environment Audit & Green Audit study of Govt. Autonomous Girls Post Graduate College of Excellence, Sagar for extending cooperation during collection of data and field study work.

We trust that the findings of this study will help the college in improving their Greeninitiative towards creating awareness for healthy and sustainable environment.



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Quality Management System

of

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DEPARTMENT OF HIGHER EDUCATION, GOVT. OF MADHYA PRADESH, BHOPAL, M.P. INDIA

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6. INTRODUCTION

Government Autonomous Girls Post-Graduate College of Excellence, Sagar (M.P.) India, is a leading higher education institution for girls in Bundelkhand Region. It is affiliated to Maharaja Chhatrashal Bundelkhand University (MCBU), Chhatarpur. The college has been conferred with the status of autonomy by UGC in 2003. The college was accredited with a grade 'A' by NAAC in the IInd cycle. In 2002 College has been recognized as 'College with Excellence by Department of Higher Education, Govt. of Madhya Pradesh.





1. Name of Institution

Govt. Autonomous Girls Post Graduate College

		of Excellence, Sagar (M.P.) 470001
2.	Address of the Institution	Main Building (Old) - Near Bus Stand,
		Krishna Ganj Ward, Sagar (M.P.) 470001
		New Building (Science) - Near RTO Office,
		Rajghat Road, Tili, Sagar (M.P.) 470003
3.	University Affiliated to	Maharaja Chhatrashal Bundelkhand University
		(MCBU), Chhatarpur (M.P)
6.	Name of the Principal	Dr. Anand Tiwari
7.	Contact Number	07582 - 223573
		91+ 7987648772
8.	E Mail ID	heggpgcsag@mp.gov.in

Table 2: Details of Institution





About College

The "Government Autonomous Girls PG College of Excellence, Sagar" was established in 1964 by the Municipal Corporation of Sagar. Earlier the College was called as "Girls Degree College, Sagar". On 11 January, 1978, it was taken over by the Government of Madhya Pradesh and it got the status of a government college. When it became a government college, it was named as "Government Girls Degree College, Sagar". It was affiliated to Dr. Harisingh Gour University and continued to be affiliated till 2014. After Dr. Harisingh Gaur University became a Central University, a new university was established at Chhatarpur by the Government of Madhya Pradesh which is called as Maharaja Chhatrasal Bundelkhand University, Chhatarpur.

When this college became a government college in 1978, the number of girl students was 389, which has now grown to 13000. Initially there were only Arts and Home Science faculties in this college, and it was only up to UG level, but today there are Science and Commerce faculties also and classes up to PG level are being held. This college is registered research centre of the university. Previously it was registered research centre of Dr. Harisingh Gour University, Sagar.

In 1985, this college was registered under **2F** and in 1989, it was registered under **12B** of UGC act. Hence, this college is receiving grants from the UGC from the seventh Five Year Plan to the Twelfth Five Year Plan.

Acknowledging the progress and excellence of this college, the Government of Madhya Pradesh gave this college the status of College of Excellence in 2002, under which it has been receiving grants for excellence continuously for the last twelve years. In 2003, this college



was given Autonomous Status by UGC and in 2008, it was renewed. The college is receiving autonomous grants from UGC. Initially the autonomous grant was 6 lakh, then 12 lakh and now a days it has increased upto 20 lakh. In 2009, this college was accredited with B Grade by NAAC and in 20014, it it was re accredited with A grade. As a result of this Government of Madhya Pradesh granted 15 Lakh to this college for redevelopment.

In 2015, this college was selected under the Rashtriya Uchchatar Shiksha Abhiyan (RUSA) and received a grant of Rupees Two Crore, from which one seminar hall, two smart classes, one computer lab, one e-library and five class rooms were built and various equipments and apparatus were purchased. In 2017, this college was selected under the World Bank Plan and a grant of Rupees 5.7 Crore was allotted to it.

This college has been granted 20 acres of land by the district administration of Sagar at Near New RTO, Rajghat Road, Tili Sagar. From Session 2023-24 the UG and PG Classes of Science Stream have been started at new Academic Building of tili Sagar.

The present campus (old) is situated at the heart of the city on 2 acer land. The oldest building of this campus is the Town Hall of the British period which was established in 1861 and there was a library in it. In 1964 this college was started in this building. The old Town Hall building is still in existence and many programs of the college are held here. Some departments of the college are also there in this building.

Science & Library Science	Arts, Social Science, & Commerce	Research
PG Pr	ogrammes	
Botany	Commerce	Botany
Chemistry	Economics	Chemistry
Physics	English	Commerce
Zoology	Geography	Economics
Library and Information Science	Hindi	English
	History	Geography
	Political Science	Hindi
	Psychology	History
	Sociology	Home Science
Only U	UG Programmes	Library And Information Science
Computer Application	Dance	Physics
Mathematics	Management	Political Science
Microbiology	Music	Psychology
Biotechnology	Sanskrit	Sociology
		Zoology







Presently the college is one of the biggest Govt. Colleges in Madhya Pradesh, a Lead College of Sagar district that provides administrative and academic support and guidance to 83 (19 Govt. & 64 Private Colleges) colleges of the district. The college has student strength of More Than 11,000.0 in the current session 2023-24. It hold the unique opportunity of being a mixed bowl of urban and rural students, The college, since its commencement, is serving society in a significant way by providing higher education to first-generation Female learners, making this a distinctive feature of this institution.



The institution always cherished its location advantage for being situated close to Bus Stand.



Govt. Autonomous Girls Post Graduate College of Excellence, Sagar has installed a Solar Power Plant of 10 KW capacity and a solar power plant of 20 KW is in pipeline.



	2022-23	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19
Number of students	13573	12866	11101	10760	11740
Teachers	62	62	51	51	51
Non- Teaching Staff	41	41	40	40	40
Total	13676	12969	11192	10851	11831
Number of Working days	284	235	299	297	292



Table 3: Total numbers of students, teachers & non teaching since last 5 years

Library

The college library is fully automated with RFID facility and well equipped with books, journals, periodicals and reading rooms. The library has web-OPAC for providing remote access to its repositories of textual resources. Along with book bank facility for SC and ST students, library has specially designed furniture for divyang students and books in BRAILLE are also available for the visually challenged students.



Career Counselling and Placement Cell

Career Counselling and Placement Cell monitors activities related to job notifications and opportunities, Interview preparation, development of entrepreneurial skills, organizing of campus Interviews besides ensuring maximum participation in campus recruitment and interviews. The cell works in coordination with all Head of departments to cater to diverse need of students. It is actively engaged in organizing Inspirational lectures by experts.

It aims at guiding students towards cracking Civil Service exams. The Cell also attempts at encouraging students by providing them opportunities to interact with young probation officers, senior civil servants, Defense Officers etc. who have already cracked the exams.

The college is moving forward with a multi-pronged strategy towards excellence with a view to come out as an institution of the future that prepares the students equipped with knowledge, skill, aptitude and social commitment.

General issues:

Awareness of Environmental policy	Yes
> Environmental protection rules	 Ban on single use plastic Proper disposal of discarded and unsafe materials of laboratories Periodic use of bicycles Controlled use of water
Housekeeping schedule	 Regular dusting and mopping in class rooms, veranda and laboratory areas
Activities done for environmental cleanliness	 Plantation Awareness campaigns
Celebration of Important days	 World Environment Day, Earth Day, Ozone Day, National Pollution prevention Day, Vishwa Shaochalya Diwas etc.
 Participation in Local and National Environmental protection movements 	 Participation in Swachh Bharat Movement Activities through NSS, YRC



VISION

Being the leading Girls Autonomous College in the Sagar division, our vision encompasses.

"Social Transformation through Women Empowerment and Education."

Our objective is to evolve through collective leadership into a centre of academic excellence which, while retaining its regional roots, is able to surmount and objectify global concerns and their wide social perspective we tend to achieve a balance between academic practices, social empathy, cultural inclination and co-curricular activities so that we should gain our best in shaping young minds.

MISSION

"To Build True Citizens of Tomorrow."

GOAL

- 1) To facilitate budding ground for overall development to youth women belonging to different socioeconomic background.
- 2) To provide a wide range of subjects at under graduate level for structuring their future perspective.
- 3) To incorporate value added and vocational courses to ensure self-reliance in women of our area.
- 4) To constantly promote the extension activities and our reach groups for increased participation issues in the society.
- 5) As we are dealing with two major 'AMRIT STAMBH' of Viksit Bharat i.e. Yuva and Nari, our role is to empower and educate them is significant.

The college, since its commencement is serving society in a significant way by Providing higher education to first generation female learners of the Family, making this a distinctive features of this institution.



The Covid 19 brought in new challenges into the entire education system due to the sudden lockdown. Exams of the undergraduate classes and the teaching of the semester classes were suspended.













- The professors took the initiative of immediately opening the online teaching classes for the students. Video lectures, reading materials in the form of pdfs, audio lectures were uploaded to the college website for the benefit of the students.
- The students were also supported with their assignments and courses through Calls, Whatsapp groups, and U-tube lectures.
- The students of NSS, and NCC have supported the community during the lockdown by making and distributing masks, distributing sanitizers, explaining Social distancing in the markets and other public places

तुलसी के पौधे लगे हुए गमले रासयोके स्वयंसेवियों को गोद दिए गए



सागर। पर्यावरण को संरक्षित रखने और हरियाली बढ़ाने में सिंधु संस्कार समिति अहम भूमिका निभा रही है। स्कूल व कॉलेज स्तर पर युवतियों को पेड़-पौधों का महत्व बताया जा रहा है, तभी वे पर्यावरण से प्रेम करने लगेंगे।

23 जून 2021 को शासकीय स्वशासी कन्या स्नातकोत्तर उत्कृष्टता महाविद्यालय सागर में प्राचार्य डॉ बी.डी.अहिरवार के मार्गदर्शन में एवं राष्ट्रीय सेवा योजना के तत्वावधान में सिंधु संस्कार समिति द्वारा तुलसी के पौधे लगे हुए गमले सहित राष्ट्रीय सेवा योजना के स्वयं सेवियों को गोद दिए गए कार्यक्रम का संचालन कार्यक्रम अधिकारी डॉ. अपर्णा चाचौंदिया ने किया एवं आभार कार्यक्रम अधिकारी डॉ. भावना रमैया ने माना इस अवसर पर महाविद्यालय परिवार से डॉक्टर संतोष गुप्ता एवं डॉ. संजय खरे उपस्थित रहे राष्ट्रीय सेवा योजना के स्वयंसेवियों में साक्षी गुप्ता, बाला जैन, साक्षी सोनी, विधि ठाकुर एवं रिया साह ने पौधे लिए गोद लिए। इस मौके पर प्राचार्य डॉ. बी.डी.अहिरवार ने कहा की सबसे पहले हम सिंध संस्कार समिति के राजेश मनवानी को बधाई देते है कि उन्होंने हमें तुलसी के पौधे गमले सहित यहाँ अध्यन कर रही युवतियों को दिए हिंदू धर्म में तुलसी के पौधे का बहुत महत्व ह। तलसी के पौधे को मां लक्ष्मी का प्रतीक माना जाता है। भारत के अधिकांश घरों में तुलसी के पौधे की पूजा की जाती है। हमारे ऋषियों को लाखों वर्ष पूर्व तुलसी के औषधीय गुणों का ज्ञान था इसलिए इसको दैनिक जीवन में प्रयोग हेतु इतनी प्रमुखत से स्थान दिया गया है। आयुर्वेद में भी तुलसी के फायदों का विस्तृत उल्लेख मिलता है। शिवसेना उपराज्य प्रमुख पप्प तिवारी ने कहा की आज राजेश मनवानी ने जो तुलसी के पौधे दिए है वे बधाई के पात्र है तलसी एक औषधीय पौधा है।



- ✓ Auditing for Energy Management of the Govt.
 Autonomous Girls Post Graduate College of Excellence for Environmental Consciousness and Sustainability.
- ✓ Alternate Energy initiatives such as: Percentage of annual power requirement of the Institution met by the renewable energy sources.
- ✓ Percentage of annual lighting power requirements met through LED bulbs (Current year data)

Rupalel

7. ENERGY MANAGEMENT

Energy Management is the strategy of adjusting and optimizing energy, using systems and procedures so as to reduce energy requirements per unit of output while holding constant or reducing total costs of producing the output from these systems"

Principle of Energy Management

- ✓ Procure energy at lowest possible price
- ✓ Manage energy use at highest energy efficiency
- ✓ Reusing and recycling energy
- ✓ Select low investment technology to meet present requirement and environment condition
- ✓ Make use of wastes generated within the plant as sources of energy and reducing the component of purchased fuels and bills

7.1 Energy Scenario

Electrical energy is supplied by Madhya Pradesh State Power Distribution Company Limited. There are total six energy meter catering the electrical demand of Govt. Autonomous Girls Post Graduate College of Excellence, Sagar One of the LT connection meter is only for hostel and other five LT connections are catering the electrical demand of college premises.

An off- grid solar power plant having 10 KW capacity is commissioned as use of renewable energy.



7.2 Electricity Bill Analysis

We have analyzed the electricity bills of all the connections of college premises and hostel.

SI. No.	Name of Connections	IVRS Number	Service Number	Contract Demand in Watt	Tariff Category
1	The Pracharya Kannya mahavidyalay Degree College Sagar	N1405016080	1405016080	30000	LV2
2	Girls Degree College Suwatal Kaneradev Bamori	N1200019658	1200019658	55000	LV2
3	The Principal, Govt Degree Collage Krishan Ganj Ward Sagar	N1404030692	1404030692	33000	LV2
4	Princpal Govt Girls PG College Of Govt Girls P G College Of Excellence Sagar	N1404000548	1404000548	10010	LV2
5	The Supdt. Girls Hostel Digree College Sagar	N1404000246	1404000246	10280	LV2
6	The Superintendent Hostel Girls Digree College Sagar	N1404000304	1404000304	0 (2.9 KW) Maximum	LV2
	Total			138290	

Table 5: Details of all service number and Contract Demand.

Analysis of billings of meters of College premises

		Contract Demand in	Maximum Demand	Average Unit
	S.C. No.	KW	in KW	Per Month
	BP No. 1405016080	30.0	30	1906.16
	BP No. 1200019658	55.0	6.84	308.33
2021-22	BP No. 1404030692	33.0	14.707	1268.21
2021 22	BP No. 1404000548	10.01	10.01	628.26
	Total	128.01	61.557	4110.96
	Total Average Annua	al Unit Consumption		

Table 6: Analysis of billings of meters of College premise for the year 2021-22



		Contract Demand in KW	Maximum Demand in	Average Unit Per Month
	S.C. No.		KW	
	BP No. 1405016080	30.0	30	871.33
	BP No. 1200019658	55.0	6.84	1241.16
2022-23	BP No. 1404030692	33.0	14.707	1657.16
	BP No. 1404000548	10.01	10.01	493.83
	Total	128.01	61.557	4263.48
	Total Average Annual Unit Consum	ption		

Table 7: Analysis of billings of meters of College premise for the year 2022-23

Analysis of billings of Hostel

Year	S.C. No.	Contract Demand in KW	Maximum Demand in KW	Average UnitPer Month
	BP No. 1404000246	10.28	10.28	1070.16
2021-22	BP No. 1404000304	0.0	2.9	14.5
	Total	10.28	13.18	1084.66
2022-23	BP No. 1404000246	10.28	10.28	1417.5
	BP No. 1404000304	0.0	2.9	23.16
	Total	10.28	13.18	1440.66

Table 8: Analysis of billings of Azad Hostel for the year of 2021-22 & 2022-23



Graphical Representation of Service Consumer number, Contract Demand

andmaximum demand occurred in the year 2021-22 and 2022 - 2023

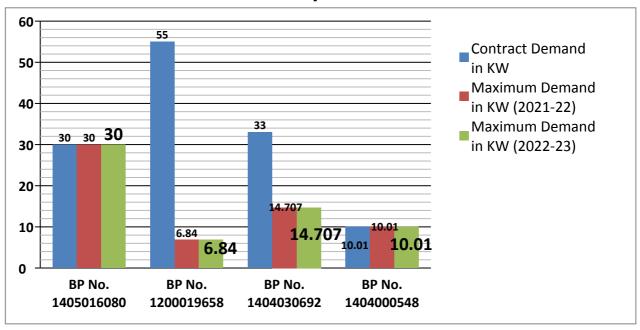


Figure 1: Graphical Representation of Service Consumer number, ContractDemand and maximum demand occurred in the year 2021-22 and 2022-23

Graphical Representation of Service Consumer number with average unitconsumption in the year 2021-2022 & 2022 - 2023.

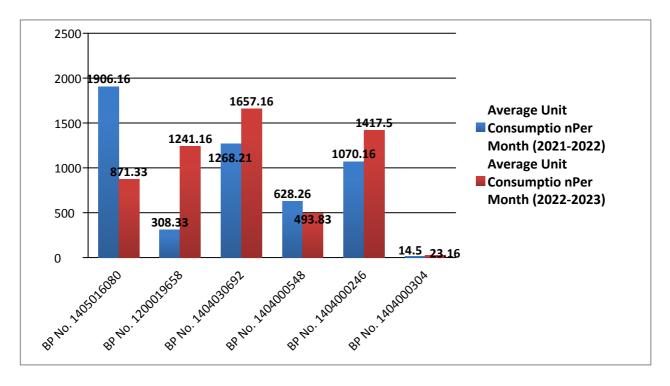


Figure 2: Graphical Representation of Service Consumer number with average unitconsumption in the year 2021-22 & 2022 - 2023



7.3 Connected Load of College premises

Segment	Electrical Equipment	Wattage	Quantity	Total load in Watt
	LED TL	20	641	12820
	FTL TL	40	115	4600
	LED Bulb	20	63	1260
Lighting	LED Panel Light	12	2	24
	Total Lighting Load			18704
	Ceiling Fan	80	405	32400
	Wall Fan	70	5	350
	Cooler 18"	300	28	8400
	Exhaust Fan 12"	150	4	600
LIV/AC	Exhaust Fan 14"	200	3	600
HVAC	Exhaust Fan 18"	250	5	1250
	Air Conditioner 1 T	5	15	135
	Air Conditioner 1.5 T	27	6	162
	Air Conditioner 2 T	3	6	18
	Total HVAC Load			43915
	Computer	100	83	8300
Office	Printer	55	5	275
Equipment	Photo Copy Machine	600	20	12000
	U.P.S.	220	9	1980
	Total Office Equipment L	22555		
Water	Submersible pump	750	2	1500
Supply	Total Water Supply Load			1500
	Water Cooler Small	300	4	1200
	Water Cooler Big	600	4	2400
	Smart Board	150	3	450
Others	Refrigerator Medium	500	1	500
	Inverter	350	9	3150
	Janretar	30000	2	60000
	Other			1500
	69200			
	155874			
	Total Connected Load	l in Kilo Watt (S	Say)	155.874(KW)

Table 9 : Connected load of college

7.4 Segment wise connected load and their percentages

Segment	Total load in Kilo Watt	Load in Percentage
Lighting	18.704	11.99
HVAC	43.915	28.17
Water Supply	1.5	0.96
Office Equipments	22.555	14.47
Others	69.2	44.39

Table 10: Segment wise connected load and their percentages



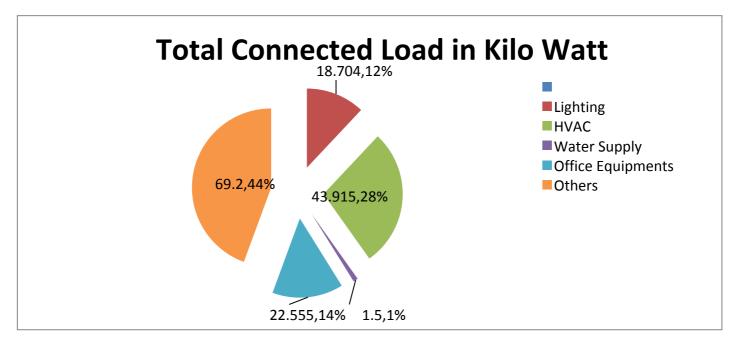


Figure 3: Total Connected Load

7.5 Connected Load of Hostel

Segment	Electrical Equipment	Wattage	Quantity	Total	
	FTL 40 watt	40	80	3200	
	LED TL 20 Watt	20	80	1600	
	LED Bulb	15	42	630	
	LED Bulb	23	36	828	
Lighting	LED Street Light	36	2	72	
Lighting	LED Street Light	50	2	100	
	Total Lighting Load				6430
	Ceiling fan	70	88	6150	
11)/46	Water Cooler	300	1	300	
HVAC	Total HVAC Load				6450
Others	Others	3200			
Total Connected Load in Watt					16080
Total Conne	cted Load in Kilo Watt				16.08

Table 11: Connected load of Azad hostel

Total Connected Load in College

Connected Load of Govt. Autonomous Girls Post Graduate College of Excellence,	155.874KW
Connected Load of Hostel	16.08 KW
Total Connected Load of Govt. Autonomous Girls Post Graduate College including Hostel	171.954 KW

Table 12: Total connected load in college



7.6 Electricity Consumption from Solar Power Plant

An off-grid solar system permits electricity to be harnessed by solar panels and stored inside a battery without direct connection to the utility grid, providing anindependent power supply to your home or business.

Basically, an off-grid solar system is a novel innovation which provides you independent energy harnessed by the sun. An off-grid solar system is made up of the following components.

- solar panels
- charge controllers
- battery bank(s)
- inverters

College has installed an off grid solar power plant of 5 KW Capacity.







The ingenuity of an off-grid solar energy system is made-up of the efficiency of its components. A solar energy system's solar panels, charge controllers, battery bank, and inverters all work together to provide your laptop or refrigerator energy, and this is how.

Off-grid solar energy systems work by...

- 1. **Solar Panels (PV array).** Solar panels are set either on your rooftop or in an open yard or property space. The Sunlight is soaked up by the solar panels and transferred to the charge controllers.
- 2. Charge Controllers. The charge controller is the "delivery man" between the solar panels, the inverters, and the battery bank. Charge controllers also act as a regulator, ensuring that the amount of power received through the solar panels does not overload the battery, instead keep the battery fully charged and top it off when needed. The charge controllers either deliver the energy directly as DC power to your lights or to the inverters to be converted into AC power for household appliances and all excess energy goes to the...



- 3. **Battery Bank.** With the charge controllers feeding energy to the batteries, the battery bank acts as the heart of the off-grid solar system, as it stores up excess energy for cloudy days and nights, when needed it pumps electricity to the...
- 4. **Inverters.** Lastly, inverters convert the DC (direct current) power into AC power which is passed on to be digested by college electrical appliances as DC power and allows student & staff of the college to switch on the light, fan or any other electrical equipment.

Schematic Diagram of Off- grid Solar Power Plant

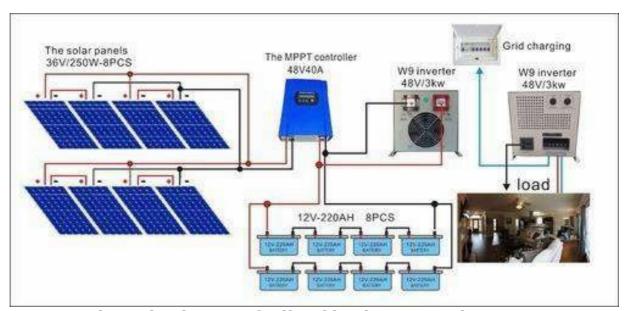
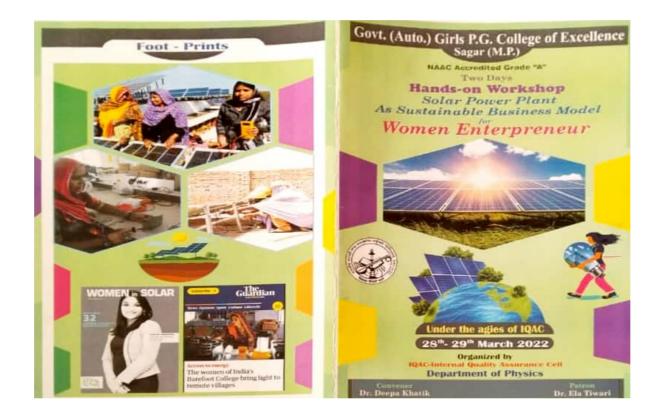


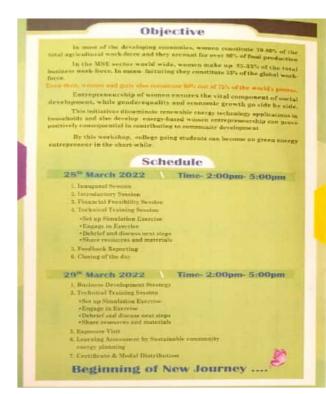
Figure 4: Schematic Diagram of Off- grid Solar Power Plant

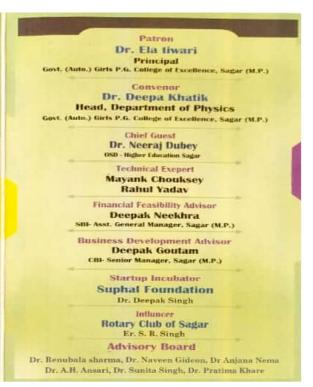


7.7 College Activites in Energy Management













कार्यालयों और घरों पर अनावश्यक बिजली का उपयोग न करें

हेगा। सभी अधिकारी- कर्मचारी १पने-अपने कार्यालयों व घरों पर १नावस्थक बिजली का उपयोग न विश्व विश्व कि विश्व कि उपयोग न है। कार्य होरी ही विज्ञाली के बटन है बद करें। यह विश्वाद कलेक्टर एक आर्थ ने विश्व पर्यावरण अस के अवसर पर व्यक्त किए। य सभी विभागीय अधिकारियों से किल का अपना करा ती लाइफस्टाइल को बदलका विराण बचाने का कार्य करें। पत्रिका न्यूज नेटवर्क वरण स्वय्क हुआ तो हमारा । व्याप्त र भी स्वस्थ होगा। विश्व सागर वरण विवस के अवसर पर उत्कृष्ट न लाइफ के तसत कलेक्टोरेट कथा में जिले के सभी कारियी को पर्यावरण के प्रति । रहने और स्वस्थ जीवन शैली ।।ने की शपथ भी दिलाई। इस तर पर जिला पंचायत के मुख्य पालन अधिकारी पीसी शर्मा.



पर्यावरण के साथ वैचारिक प्रदूषण को भी पयावरण क साथ जनाः । व कि तमी महियों का प्रयोग करें। व करते हो क्षमण वेदल व वेक्स का उपयोग करें। अपनी-व्यूर करने की आवश्यकता: आनंद तिवारी

सागर शासकीय स्नातकोत्तर उत्कृष्टता कन्या महाविद्यालय में सीमकार को विश्व पर्यावरण दिवस पर पर्यावरण संरक्षण समिति, राष्ट्रीय सेवा योजना एवं नेशनल केडिट कोर

प्राचार्य, स्टाफ एव खडाडा के रा कॉलेज एव स्क्रीन

करण प्रतिकार पूर्व करण व्याप्त का अन्यार प्रतिकार करण । अन्यार प्रतिकार करण प्रतिकार करण का अन्यार राष्ट्रीय केवा रोजन प्रवास भी पूर्व करने कर्म आवत्रप्रकार है। हित्य को कर्मकार अधिकार अधिकार कर्मकार प्रसारी ही, प्रतिकार कर्म ने अन्यार प्रतिकार कर्मकार करण आज प्रविकार सामकार के लिए। ने प्लास्टिक से होने वाले प्रदूषण को

अपर राष्ट्रीय सेवा क्षेत्रक कर्म जरून वाचीरण हा देशतत जकुर हा संदेव नतंत्रन हत्त्र

पर्यावरण संरक्षण



सर पतिका इस वर्षाकाम संक्ष



पर कार

नवभारत न्यूज सागर 24 मई. शासकीय स्वशासी कन्या स्नातकोत्तर उत्कृष्टता महाविद्यालय रासेयो के तत्वाधान पर्यावरण के लिए जीवन थीम के अंर्तगत ऊर्जा संरक्षण विषय पर कार्यशाला का आयोजन किया गया.

रासेयो के जिला संगठन डॉ. घनश्याम भारती, मुख्य वक्ता डॉ. प्रतिमा खरे तथा डॉ. आरएस वर्मा उपस्थित रहे. रासेयो ईकाई प्रथम की कार्यक्रम अधिकारी डॉ. सरिता जैन ने छात्राओं को सक्रिय

बने रहने हेतु प्रेरित किया. रासेयो ईकाई द्वितीय की कार्यक्रम अधिकारी अश्विनी सूर्यवंशी ने संचालन किया. आभार रासेयो ईकाई तृतीय की कार्यक्रम अधिकारी डॉ. रश्मि माथुर ने माना. डॉ. प्रतिमा खरे ने बताया कि ऊर्जा ऐप ऊर्जा साक्षरता के लिए एक सार्थक प्रयास है और छात्राओं को ऊर्जा साक्षरता से जुड़ने के लिए आवहान किया. डॉ. आरएस वर्मा ने पर्यावरण को हानि पहुँचाने वाले कारकों को समझाया व पर्यावरण को सुरक्षित रखने के उपायों से अवगत कराया.





- Auditing for Water Management of the institute for Environmental Consciousness and Sustainability
- Rain water harvesting structures and utilization in thecampus



8. WATER MANAGEMENT

This indicator addresses water consumption, water sources, irrigation, storm water, appliances and fixtures. Aquifer depletion and water contamination are taking place at unprecedented rates. It is therefore essential that any environmentally responsible institution should examine its water use practices.

Govt. Autonomous Girls Post Graduate College of Excellence, Sagar gets water from municipal Corporation, Sagar and one ground water bore well sources.

Two submersible pumps having rating of 5 HP & 3 HP are operated to lift water from Bore well and one submersible pump of 1 HP capacity is dedicatedly operated forgardening. College has presently 15 nos. Over head water storage tanks each having capacity of 1000 litre. Thus college have total 36000 litre of water storage capacity.



College

Sl. No.	Water Tank Capacity	Numbers	Total Capacity					
	Old Building							
1	5000	4	20000					
2	2000	2	4000					
3	1000	4	4000					
Total Consumption	of water in Litre		28000					
	Nev	w Building						
4	2000	4	8000					
	36000							

Table 14: Overhead water storage tank capacity in college

Hostel

SI. No.	Water Tank Capacity	Numbers	Total Capacity
1	1000	1	1000
2	1000	5	5000
3	2000	1	2000
	8000		

Table 15 : Overhead water storage tank capacity in hostel

Quantities of water taps and water coolers

Description	College	Hostel
Water Taps	321	79
Water Coolers	10	6





- Auditing for Waste Management of the institute for Environmental Consciousness and Sustainability.
- Waste Management steps including:
- Solid waste management
- Liquid waste management
- > E-waste management



9. WASTE MANAGEMENT

This indicator addresses waste production and disposal, plastic waste, paper

waste, food waste, and recycling. Municipal solid waste has a number of

adverse environmental impacts, most of which are well known and not in need

of elaboration. To reduce waste at institute, students and staff are educated on

proper waste management practices through lectures, advertisement on notice

boards, displaying slogan boards in the campus.

Waste is collected on a daily basis from various sources and is separated as

dry and wet waste. Colour coded dustbins are used for different types of

wastes. Green for wet and blue for solid waste.

Daily garbage is collected by housekeeping personnel and handed over to

authorized personnel of Aistrict Municipal Corporation, Sagar for further

processing.

9.1 Solid Waste management

Solid waste can be divided into two categories: general waste and hazardous

waste. General waste includes what is usually thrown away in homes and

College such as paper, plastics tins and glass bottles. Hazardous waste is waste

that is likely to be a threat to one's health or the environment like cleaning

chemicals and petrol. Small bucket and big buckets are used for solid waste.

Small Plastic bucket = 40

Nos. Big Plastic Bucket

= 20

Nos.

Total Production of Solid Waste (Bio degradable) : 2-10 Kg

Total Production of Solid Waste (Non Bio degradable): Less than 1

Kg

College also have two numbers of Napkins/Wending/Burning

Machine

Tursales

9.1.1 Non Bio degradable Waste – Plastic Bottles / Waste Paper etc.

Non-biodegradable are those waste, which cannot be decomposed by biological processes. These are of two types - Recyclable: waste having economic values but destined for disposal can be recovered and reused along with their energy value. e.g. Plastic, paper, old cloth etc. Non-recyclable: waste which do not have economic value of recovery. e.g. Carbon paper, thermocol,

tetra packs etc. Disposal of non-biodegradable waste is a major concern, not just plastic, a variety of waste being accumulated. There are a few ways to help non-biodegradable waste management. The impact of non-biodegradable waste on the environment and also focus on its safe disposal for sustainable environment.

Waste material like plastic, papers etc. are collected and sold out to scrap vendor from time to time.

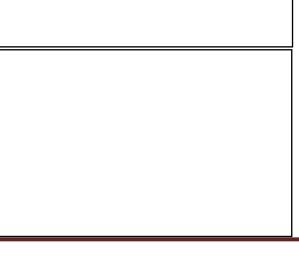
College has also planned for compost pit to produce compost manure from the canteen solid waste and waste from other sources. Manure will be used for the purpose of botanical garden and for planted tree.

9.2 Liquid waste management:

The waste chemicals mixed water from laboratory should not be mixed with groundwater. Labs are bringing to adopt fully or to minimize hazardous chemical.

9.2.1 Re-use of waste water

Waste water discharge from the canteen
Is directed to a small tank (Oxidation
pond)named Lotus tank. It is surrounded
by a wiremesh. The tank contains a variety
of eye catching aquatic plants. Water
ofthis pond isused to irrigate the nearby



	seasonai	plantbeds.				
ergy A	udit, Environ	mental Audit an Birls Post Gradu	ıd Green Audi	t		

a.Re-use of waste water from surrounding area

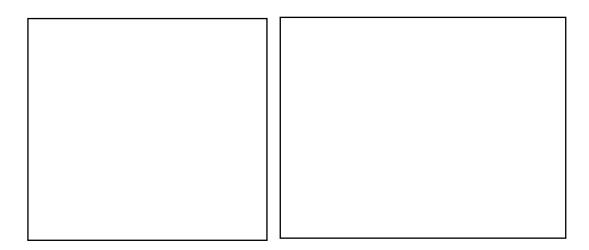
A temporary pond has been constructed beside the girls hostel to collect the water from Railway washing yard located near the college campus. The pond serve as a recharge point source for underground water as well as while some of it is used for on-site construction and irrigation of plants spread across the college campus.

b. Re-use of impure wastewater from water purifiers,

Impure drinking water is one of the main sources of infection, even mild poisoning, in many cases. Hence, it is important to use water purifiers in college campus. About 09 water purifiers are installed at various sites throughout the college campus. Waste water from these purifier outlets is used to water various indoor and outdoor plants to ensure least water wastage and beautification of of the campus.

c. Re-use of waste water from Air Conditioners

Potted plants have been placed below the outlets of Air Conditioners so that the water discharge from these outlets can be utilized properly.



9.3 E-Waste Management

Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) or E-waste is one of the fastest growing waste streams in the world. In developed countries, it equals 1% of total solidwaste on an average.

In developing countries, it ranges from 0.01% to 1% of the total municipal solid waste generation. In countries like China and India, though annual generation per capita is less than 1 kg, it is growing at an exponential pace. Presently, a very small amount of Ewaste from offices and glass waste from labs is generated in College.

The E-waste collected is stored in store room and disposed every year by giving it to vendors .

9.4 Environment Management Policy: Leading the way to a cleaner andhealthier Environment

- Reducing degradable and non-degradable waste in the campus
- Reducing pollution through gases, heat, odor, chemicals and hazardous microorganisms
- Reducing water consumption and wastage
- Appropriate training to staff and students for environmental awareness throughacademic programmes and campus awareness initiatives
- Facilitation of research in sustainability



Identification And Evaluation of Environmental Aspects and Associated Impacts:

Activity	Aspect	R	lisk		Eff	ect on	recep	Impact	
		L	evel	s*					
		P	D	A	EH	EA	EW	EL	
Department of Physics &	Computer Scie	ence	;						
Running of electrical, electronic and heat radiating instruments	Electrical consumption, heat radiation, Generation of electronic waste	5	1	1	-	1	-	V	Air and Land Pollution
Department of Chemistr	y								
Experiments on Chemical reactions	Generation of fumes and chemical waste	5	5	5	V	V	V	V	Effect on health, Air, Water and Land pollution
Storage of strong chemicals and Acids	Leakage of gases and out flow of chemicals	5	3	1	V	V	-	-	Air pollution
LPG for burners in laboratories	Generation of heat	5	3	3	V	V	-	-	Air pollution
Use of Glass wares	Chances of breakage and generation of waste	5	3	1	V	-	-	V	Land pollution
Running of electrical, and heat, vibration and noise generating instruments	Electrical consumption, heat radiation, generation of noise	5	4	2	V	1	-	-	Air and Noise pollutin



Department of Botany									
Experiments on Plants	Generation of waste	4	2	1	-	-	1	V	Land pollution
Use of Glass wares and plastic wares	Chances of breakage and generation of waste	5	3	1	V	-	-	1	Land pollution
Use of chemicals and reagents during experiments	Generation of waste water with spent chemicals	5	3	3	-	-	V	V	Water and Land pollution
Department of Zoology		_	_	_			,	,	
Experiments leading to staining and preservation of animal parts	Generation of waste water with spent chemicals	5	3	3	-	-	V	V	Water and Land pollution
Experiments on animal cells like blood, fish scales, skin peelings, saliva etc.	Generation of liquid waste	5	3	1	-	-	V	$\sqrt{}$	Water and Land pollution
Department of Microbio	ology								
Experiments on living Microorganisms	Generation of infectious propagules	5	3	3	V	V	V	V	Effect on health, Air, Water and Land pollution
Use of strong chemicals, reagents and media ingrediants for washing and disinfection	Generation of aerosol and release of liquid waste	3	2	2	V	1	V	1	Air, Water and Land pollution
Preservation and	Generation of aerosol	3	2	1	V	V	-	-	Air pollution
maintenance of pure cultures of microorganisms									



Use of Glass wares,	Chances of	5	3	1	1	-	-		Land pollution
plastic wares, cotton,	breakage and								
aluminium foil and	generation of								
disposable tools	solid waste								
Department of Biotechn	ology								
Experiments on plants,	Generation of	3	1	1	_	_	-		Land pollution
animals and	waste								1
microorganisms									
Use of carcinogenic	Generation of	3	1	1	V	_		V	Effect on health and
chemicals like ETBr,	insecure								
Silica gel, Glass wool	waste								Land pollution
for experiments									
Use of Glass wares,	Chances of	5	3	1	V	_		√	Land pollution
plastic wares and	breakage and			-	,			,	Zuna ponation
disposable tools	generation of								
disposació tecis	waste								
Use of strong chemicals	Generation of	3	2	2	1	√		√	Air, Water and Land
for washing and	aerosol		_	_	,	,	·	,	
disinfection	4610501								pollution
Departments of Arts, So	cial Science Co	mn	1erc	<u> </u>	Math	 emati	CS		
Maintenance of files	Generation of	1	1	1	-	-	-	V	Generation of
and registers	Paper waste								degradable Solid
and registers	Tuper wuste								Waste, Land
									Pollution
Department of Library	Science							<u> </u>	1 011441011
Maintenance of	Generation of	2	3	2	V	V	-		Air and land
reference books,	paper waste								Pollution
Catalogues and files and	and dust								Tollution
registers; Footfall of	aerosol								
students and staff									
All departments including office									
Use of computer,	Electrical	4	2	2	\ \	\ \	$\sqrt{}$	√	Generation of e
laptops and Wi-Fi,	consumption,								
Running of	Generation of								Waste causing Air
refrigerators, Deep	electronic								and Land Pollution
refrigerators and Air	waste and								
conditioners	Heat								
P – Probability of occur				E	$\mathbf{H} - \mathbf{E}$	ffect (n Hu	man	
D – Duration of occurre					A - E				
A – Area of influence							on W	ater	
E						ffect o	n La	nd	

Table: 16: Identification And Evaluation of Environmental Aspects and Associated Impacts *Risk levels: 1-5 Mild to Very High



9.5. Corrective Measure Adopted by Departments & Offices

Department	Measures adopted	Impression
Physics	Use of energy conservation devises, Promotion of paper less work, Reduction in e-waste	Safety during experimentation, power saving, reduction in solid waste
Chemistry	Compulsion of lab coats, Installation of exhaust fans in laboratory, provision of fume hoods for sensitive experiments, Wooden and stone-based storagecabinets, annual maintenance of gas pipe lines and exhaust fans, diffusion of aerosols into liquid chambers to minimize the thresholds, regeneration of Silver from waste silver chloride collected during experiments	Safety during experimentation, rapid removal of troubling exhausts, limited spread of smokes, slowdown of metal corrosion, no leakage of gas, reduction in diffusion of unwanted undesirables
Botany	Timely disposal of spent materials, periodic cleaning and disinfection of tools, equipment and microscope,	Limited accumulation of waste, limited risk of health hazards
Zoology	Use of lab coats during experiments,land filling of animal waste and neutralization of strong chemicals before release in the environment disposal after use	Restricted accumulation of waste, limited risk of health hazards
Microbiology	Compulsion of Lab coats and hand gloves during experiments, use of biosafety cabinets during microbial transfer, Separate storage compartments for bacteria and fungi, Separate area for decontamination and washing, periodic cleaning and disinfection of working area, microscopes, deep refrigerators and incubators	Safety and protection during experimentation, Reduction of generation of microbial aerosol, less chances of cross contamination during experiments, limited risk of health hazards
Biotechnology	Compulsion of Lab coats and hand gloves during experiments, use of biosafety cabinets during microbial transfer, Separate storage compartments for bacteria and fungi, well defined area for germplasm storage, Separate area for decontamination and washing, land filling of unsafe materials, periodic cleaning and disinfection of microscopes, deep refrigerators and	experimentation, Reduction of generation of microbial
Arts,	incubators. Segregation of paper and disposable	Reduction in the

Energy Audit, Environmental Audit and Green Audit
Govt. Autonomous Girls Post Graduate College of Excellence, Sagar (M.P.)Page 45



Social	transfer to landfill area.	
science,		
Commerce &		
Mathematics		
Library	Continuous running of exhaust fans,	Reduction of aerosol
Science	consistent dusting and sweeping	generation, reduced
	through vacuum cleaners, regular	damage due to insect pests,
	disposal of paper waste	limited risk of health hazard

Measures Adopted	Impression
a) Organization of awareness campaigns	a) Acquiring the knowledge and importance
and promotion of green attitude through	of environment, ensuingenvironmental
physical displays, awareness lectures	protection rules, development of necessary environmental and health related skills, and values, understanding the concept of grey waterand continuous education to focus Reduce, Reuse & Recycle
b) Regular plantation, maintenance of plants having air purification properties are preferred near conference room and laboratories.	b) Sustenance of Green environment in the campus
C) Introduction of uniform solid waste management system throughsegregation bins and landfills.	c) Reduction in the amount of solid waste generated and environmental waste burden in the campus
d) Provision of sanitary napkin dispensers in girl's common room and efficient disposal of waste through incinerators	d) No accumulation of waste
e) Regular monitoring of overhead water storage PVC tanks for leakage, accumulation of water nearby andproper closure of lid	e)Effective and efficient use of effluxwater for gardening, washing and mopping. No entry and accumulation forlitter and overflowed water near overhead water tanks and rarer possibilityof mosquito breeding around the area
f) Rain water harvesting for judicious utilization of natural water resource through channelization of roof top rain water for ground water recharge.	f) `Catch the rain where it falls' supportingground water recharge in support of water recycling



g) Safe and systematic management of laboratory waste through neutralization of strong acids and alkali before draining, cooking out infectious propgules before disposing	g) Maintaining ecosystem balance		
h) Collection of e-waste from departments and selling in the scrap market through proper channel. Periodic collection of valued answerbooks, student's practical files, home assignments and test papers and other paper waste from departments, writtenoff books from library and selling in scrap market	h) Selling paper waste and e-waste generate revenue for institution		





- ✓ Green Campus Management and Carbon Footprint of theinstitute for Environmental Consciousness and Sustainability.
- ✓ Green Practices
- ✓ Students, staff using
 - a) Bicycles
 - b) Public Transport
 - c) Pedestrian friendly roads
- ✓ Plastic-free campus
- ✓ Paperless office
- √ Green landscaping with trees and plants



10.GREEN CAMPUS MANAGEMENT

All plant and animal species - including humans - are linked together in a complex web of life; we depend upon biodiversity for our survival. Biodiversity is the key to healthy ecosystems and ultimately a healthy planet. It keeps the air and water clean, regulates our climate and provides us food, shelter, clothing, medicine and other useful products. Each part within this complex web diminishes a little when one part weakens or disappears.

Area under green cover (in sq ft or in acre)	8.6 acre
Availability of Nursery on Campus (Yes / No)	Yes
Plant Protection Management	Yes
Number of plantations done in the year 2020-21	273
Extent of area (% of area) under tree cover	22%

Table 17: Green Area management

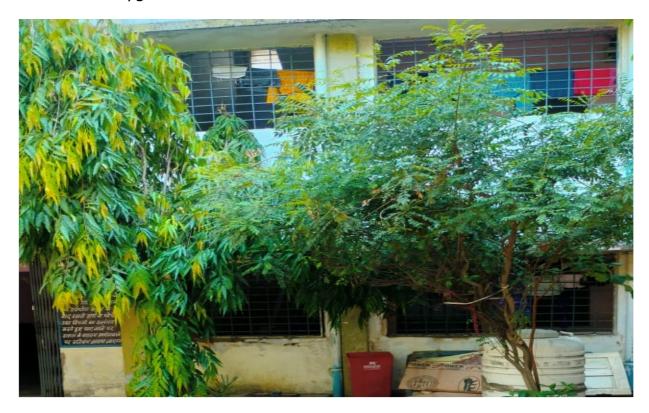








The trees work hard to keep the air we breathe clean and healthy. They are like sponges. Their leaves take in much of the poisonous unwanted carbon dioxide in the air, and replace it with the oxygen we need for healthy living. This systemof absorbing gases on which all plants rely for their food is called photosynthesis. In this process, the plants with the help of sunlight, water, minerals and the green material called Chlorophyll within the leaves change the carbon-dioxide into food for themselves. When doing this they release oxygen into the air which isvital for all life on earth. At night when there is no sunlight the plant no longer makes food, so it does not release the same amount of oxygen.



One is often told not to sleep with plants in one's room, as they will use up all the oxygen. However, at night although photosynthesis does take place the plants also rest, so that little oxygen is absorbed from the air and very little harm canbe done to the ones sleeping in the room

The roots of trees dig deep into the earth and hold it together so that the rain and wind cannot wash or blow it away. This is very important as the earth has only a very thin layer (seldom more than one foot) of fertile soil covering it. If this is washed, blown or worn away leaving rock or sand on which no



plants can grow then the earth would become a desert. The removal of this top-soil is called soil erosion. Scientists, all over the world are trying to find ways to preventsoil erosion. One of the most important ways is creating by planting more trees.

Trees send up water vapour into the atmosphere through their leaves. When this vapour meets the cool air above it turns into drops of water which then fall as rain. They give us beauty, colour and greenery. This is something which we often forget and fail to appreciate. They are the homes of many birds, animals and insects. Each of these is important in maintaining the balance of nature.









10.1 Green Audit

Green Audit defined as documented, verification process of specified environmental activities, events, conditions, management system. Green Audit can create awareness in college staff as well as students which are our responsibility too, to save our environment and also can find the ways to improve environmental issues which are increasing day by day. Environmental problems such as recycling of waste, water conservation and recycling, pollution control, plantation, biodiversity conservation etc. can solve through Green Auditing. Good growth come from good education as well as good mental and physical health if we protect our environment, we can also protect our health.

Green Audit means of assessing environmental performance. It is a systematic documented periodic, and objective review by regulated entities of facility operations and practices related to meeting environmental requirement. It is otherwise the systematic examination of the interactions between any operation and its surroundings. This includes all emissions to air, land and water, legal constraints, the effects on the neighbouring community, landscape and ecology, the public's perception of the operating company in the local area. Green audit does not stop all compliance with legislation. Nor is it a 'green washing' public relations exercise. Rather it is a total strategic approach to theorganisation's activities.

VISION

Being the leading Girls Autonomous College in the Sagar division, our vision encompasses.

"Social Transformation through Women Empowerment and Education."

Our objective is to evolve through collective leadership into a centre of academic excellence which, while retaining its regional roots, is able to surmount and objectify global concerns and their wide social perspective we tend to achieve a balance between academic practices, social empathy, cultural inclination and co-curricular activities so that we should gain our best in shaping young minds.

MISSION

"To Build True Citizens of Tomorrow."



GOAL

- 1) To facilitate budding ground for overall development to youth women belonging to different socioeconomic background.
- 2) To provide a wide range of subjects at under graduate level for structuring their future perspective.
- 3) To incorporate value added and vocational courses to ensure self-reliance in women of our area.
- 4) To constantly promote the extension activities and our reach groups for increased participation issues in the society.
- 5) As we are dealing with two major 'AMRIT STAMBH' of Viksit Bharat i.e. Yuva and Nari, our role is to empower and educate them is significant.

The college, since its commencement is serving society in a significant way by Providing higher education to first generation female learners of the Family, making this a distinctive features of this institution.

College Green Committee

The college Green committee was established in the college with a proactive attitude towards conservation of the environment and objective of generating awareness and promoting environmental care at both individual and community level. The committee aims to create a permeating atmosphere facilitating conversation, action and feedback on environmental issues engaging faculty, students and the general public. The institution looks at the macro- environmental perspective in the college and the society and envisions nurturing the environmentwith a greener future.

10.2 Green Campus Policy of College

Government Autonomous Girls Post-Graduate College of Excellence, Sagar is committed to develop its campuses as places where education is combined with environmental friendly practices to promote Sustainable Development by o restricted entry of automobiles, promoting the use of Bicycles and provision of Pedestrian Friendly pathways e ban on use of disposable Plastics in line with the State Government Guidelines. creating awareness with stakeholders on the needfor maintaining greenery in the campus for sustainable ambience.

Encouraging all stakeholders to support and participate in ensuring green cover in the campus. o preserving age old trees and protect them to have prolonged life. enhancement of green cover by landscaping with trees and plants. conduct of green audit at regular intervals and implement the suggestions towards creating green campus .The faculty, staff and students are encouraged to contribute collectively to develop an eco-friendly sustainable campus and disseminate the concept of eco friendly culture to the nearby community and wherever possible.

Government Autonomous Girls Post-Graduate College of Excellence, Sagar envisions a clean and green university campus where ecological friendly practices and education combine to encourage sustainable and eco- friendly systems in the campusand beyond the campus. The green campus offers the organization a prospect to take the lead in redefining its green culture through promoting environmental ethics among students and staff The Institute also promotes clean and green campus through adopting, practicing and promotingenvironmentally friendly practices among students and staff to generate Eco consciousness among them and in the world around them.

Objectives of the policy: To compose students by understanding the importance of environment and its problem areas Important function of the policy.

- To train students to create responsiveness amongst public.
- To encourage students to keep environment safe and clean.
- To encourage students to adopt environment friendly practices which include paper bags, save .
- To help the students to minimize the use of polluting product.

Why Green Audit

The excessive environmental degradation is creating the "Environmental poverty". Thus, academic leaders should initiate the knowledge and benefits of resources so that their institutions respond to environmental issues and



challenges. We believe that there is an urgent need to address these problems and reverse the trends of environment degradation.

OBJECTIVES -

- √ To assess environmental performance
- ✓ To promote environmental awareness
- ✓ To improve health
- √ To conserve resources
- ✓ To reduce waste
- ✓ To improve environmental standards
- ✓ To sustainable use of natural resources
- ✓ To develop responsibility about environment
- ✓ To enhance college profile

PLANTATION -

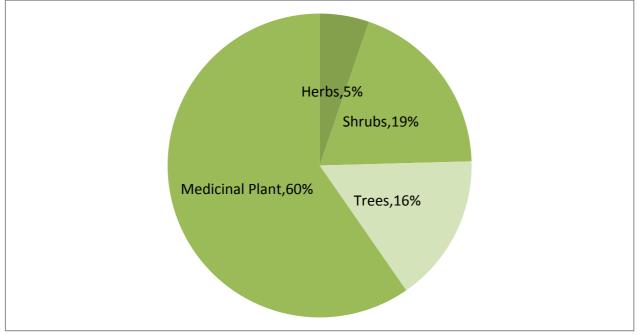
To create Environmental awareness at the college campus we organize plantation program with all the staffs and students of our college. We try to plant more trees. To keep the greeneries in the campus we maintain the garden by paid staff under the guidance of garden committee members.

To create- green cover, eco-friendly atmosphere, pure oxygen at the college campus, plantation program is organized every year with involving all students, principal, and all departments faculty members. In this session van mahotsav program was organized and about 100 ornamental, avenue,



medicinal plant with rare and exotic beautiful trees was planted in botanical garden and other parts of college campus. To keep the greeneries in the campus, we regularly maintain the gardens which are looked after by paid staff under the guidance of garden committee members. Moreover, every year we try to plant new trees. Seasonal flower garden is also a unique feature of this college. There are so many plants are present in our college campus categorized below-

Category	Numbers (Approx.)
Herbs	15
Shrubs	55
Trees	45
Medicinal Plant	170



IDENTIFICATION OF PLANT SPECIES:

There are so many plant species are present at college campus. The faculty member of the botany department audited and identified of various plant species with the help of flora.



10.3 List Of The Plants Audited

S.No.	Scientific Plant	Local Name	Family	Uses	
1	Acacia melanoxylon	Australian acacia	Mimosaceae	Social Forestry	
2	Albizzia lebbeck	Siris (Black)	Mimosaceae	Avenue Timber, Bronchitis,Tree, Skin,	
3	Alstoniascholaris	Chhatim	n Apocynaceae Avenue Malaria,Tree		
4	Anthocephalus cadamba	Cadam	Rubiaceae	Avenue Aesthetic,Tree	
5	Azadiractaindica	Neem	Meliaceae	Avenue Tree,Skin,	
6	Bauhania variegate	Kachnar	Ceasalpiniaceae	Avenue Ornamental Tree	
7	Bixa orellana	Sinduri	Bixaceae	Industrial Food	
8	Cassia fistula	Amaltas	Ceasalpiniaceae	Avenue Tree, Laxative	
9	Cassia siamea	Chakundi	Ceasalpiniaceae	Avenue Tree, Ornamental	
10	Casuarina equisetifolia	Jhau	Cauarinaceae	Social Forestry, Diarrhea	
11	Dalbergia sissoo	Sheesham	Papilionaceae	Avenue Tree, Timber,	
12	Delonix regia	Gulmohar	Caesalpiniaceae	Avenue Tree, Ornamental	
13	Emblica officinalis	Amala	Euphorbiaceae	Triphla, Skin,Tannins	
14	Ficus bengalensis	Bargad	Moraceae	Avenue Tree, Aesthatic	
15	Jacaranda mimosifolia	NilaGulmoh ar	Bignoniaceae	Ornamental	
16	Leucaena leucocephala	Shubabul	Mimosaceae	Social Forestry, Fodder	
17	Mangiferaindica	Aam	Anacardiaceae	Avenue Tree, Fruit Edible, Timber	
18	Mimusopselengi	Maulsiri	Sapotaceae	Avenue Tree, Ornamental	
19	Moringa oleifera	Munaga	Moringaceae	Blood Pressure, Fruit Vegetable	
20	Nyctanthesarbor- tristis	Harsingar	Oleaceae	Ornamental, Diabetic	
21	Peltophorumferr	Copper Pod	Caesalpiniaceae	Avenue Tree,	



	ugineum			Ornamental, Social Forestry
22	Pithecolobium dulce	Ganga Emli	Mimosaceae	Hedge,Fruit Edible
23	Plumeria alba	Temple Tree (Champa)	Apocynaceae	Ornamental
24	Polyanthia Iongifolia	Ashok	Annonaceae	Avenue Tree, Ornamental
25	Pongamiapinnata	Karanj	Karanj Papilionaceae Avenue, I Skin	
26	Syzygiumcuminii	Jamun	Myrtaceae	Avenue, Diabetes,Fruit Edible, Timber
27	Tabebuia rosea	Trumpet Tree	Bignoniaceae	Ornamental
28	Tabernaemontana coronaria	Chandni	Apocynaceae	Ornamental
29	Tamarindus indica	Imli	Caesalpiniaceae	Avenue, FruitEditable
30	Tecoma stans	Yellow Bell	Bignoniaceae	Ornamental
31	Thevetia peruviana	Pili Kaner	Apocynaceae	Ornamental, Aesthetic
32	Zizyphus jujube	Ber	Rhamnaceae	Fruit Edible, Fodder

Medicinal Plants

S.No.	Scientific Name of Plant	Local Name	Family	Uses	
1	Adhatodavasia	Adusa	Acanthaceae	Espectorent	
2	Aloe vera	Ghee Kwar	Liliaceae	Fever, Constipation, Piles, Skin, Jaundice, Leprosy	
3	Andrographis paniculata	Kirayat	Acanthaceae	Fever, Dysentry, Dyspepsia, Stomachic	
4	Asparagus racemosus	Satawar	Liliaceae	Tonic, Dysentry, Leprosy, T.B., Night Blindness	
5	Catharanthes roseus	SadaSuhagan	Suhagan Apocynaceae Leukemia,Diabetic		
6	Cymbopogon citrates	Lemon Grass	Poaceae	Bronchitis, Fever, Rheumatism, Leprosy	
7	Gymnema sylvestre	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Diabetic, Ulcer, Bronchitis, Piles, Snake Bite	

8	Oscimum sanctum	Tulsi	Lamiaceae	Asthma, Bronchitis, Vomating, Malaria, Ring Worm	
9	Rauwolfia serpentine	Sarpgandha	Apocynaceae	High Blood Pressure, Sebative, Mental Disorder, Anti- Microbial	
10	Tinospora cordifolia	Giloey	Menispermaceae	Diabetic, Tonic	
11	Vitis quadriangularis	Harjod	Vitaceae	Joint and Bone Health	
12	Withania somnifera	Ashwagandha	Solanaceae	Asthma Bronchitis Arthritis, Rheumatism, Leucoderma	

Table: 18: List of the plant audited.



ऊर्जा संरक्षण पर कार्यशाला

नवभारत न्यूज सागर 24 मई. शासकीय स्वशासी कन्या स्नातकोत्तर उत्कृष्टता महाविद्यालय में रासेयो के तत्वाधान में पर्यावरण के लिए जीवन थीम के अंर्तगत ऊर्जा संरक्षण विषय पर कार्यशाला का आयोजन किया गया.

रासेयों के जिला संगठन डॉ. घनश्याम भारती, मुख्य वक्ता डॉ. प्रतिमा खरे तथा डॉ. आरएस वर्मा उपस्थित रहे. रासेयो ईकाई प्रथम की कार्यक्रम अधिकारी डॉ. सरिता जैन ने छात्राओं को सक्रिय बने रहने हेतु प्रेरित किया. रासेयो ईकाई द्वितीय की कार्यक्रम अधिकारी अश्विनी सूर्यवंशी ने संचालन किया. आभार रासेयो ईकाई तृतीय की कार्यक्रम अधिकारी डॉ. रिश्म माथुर ने माना. डॉ. प्रतिमा खरे ने बताया कि ऊर्जा ऐप ऊर्जा साक्षरता के लिए एक सार्थक प्रयास है और छात्राओं को ऊर्जा साक्षरता से जुड़ने के लिए आवहान किया. डॉ. आरएस वर्मा ने पर्यावरण को हानि पहुँचाने वाले कारकों को समझाया व पर्यावरण को सुरक्षित रखने के उपायों से अवगत कराया.



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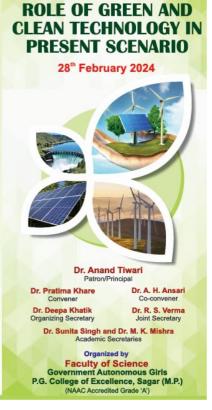
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Bank Name: HDFC Branch Sagar IFS Code: HDFC0000449

Important Links

Online Registration Link

https://forms.gle/hiUHwVj6xfyiwHM76



Welcome to Sagar: The City of Lake and Temples

Dear colleagues,

It is a matter of great pleasure and honour that Faculty of Science, Government Autonomous Girls PG College of excellence Sagar is organising a national seminar on "Role of Green and Clean Technology in Present Scenario". We cordially invite you to attend the seminar and facilitate it with your contribution of research papers for the occasion.

About the College

The Government Autonomous Girls PG College of Excellence Sagar has a rich history dating back to 1964 when it was established by the Municipal Corporation of Sagar. In 1978, the Government of Madhya Pradesh took over and its status became Government Girls degree college Sagar, Throughout this transition the college remained affiliated with doctor Hari Singh Gaur university until 2014.

With the elevation of Dr. Hari Singh Gaur University to Central University status, a new institution named Maharaja Chhatrasal State Bundelkhand University was established by the Government of Madhya Pradesh and our college found its new affiliation.

Over the years, the college has witnessed remarkable growth. In 1978, it welcomed 389 girls students, a number that has now scored 14,700.



Call for paper

We cordially invite scholars, academicians and participants to submit their original full length research paper with abstract in 150 words. A full paper within 2000 words typed in Ms word format, Times New Roman for English font- 12 margin, one inch line spacing, 1.5 inch all side. For Hindi, Krutidev 010 font 14. Only selected participants will be allowed to present their paper.

Email for paper submission:

departmentofbotanygdc@gmail.com

Presented paper will be published in the form of book with ISBN. Paper will be screened by editorial board, will be intimated separately they will have to pay ₹400 as publication fee

Last Date of Paper Submission: 07 Feb 2024

Theme of the seminar

Green and Clean Technology is the development and application of equipments and system used to conserve energy and natural resources. It consists of all those field and laboratory techniques which result in the fast development of plants. It encompasses several methods for reuse and recycling of materials and ultimately to sustainable use of natural resources.



Sub Themes of the Seminar

The present seminar will focus on the following themes:

- · Conservation of depleting natural resources.
- · Solar, wind, hydro energy.
- · Process for recycling of materials
- Renewable energy resources.
- · Vermiculture technology, biofertilizers and organic farming.
- Wasteland reclamation, social forestry and agro forestry.
- · Bioinformatics/ Role of computer in modern technology.
- · Horticulture practices.
- · Net-house, net, Poly and greenhouse cultivation.
- · Sustainable development.

Poster/Model presentation

Special session will be arranged for Post Graduate, Graduate students and Research Scholars for the Poster/Model presentation based on the topics of seminar themes. The size of poster should not exceed taking 120 x 90 cm. Best of 3 will be awarded

Registration and fee

Professor/ Associate / Assistant : ₹400 Guest faculty/ Lecturer : ₹200 Research Scholar : ₹200





रोल ऑफ ग्रीन एंड क्लीन टेक्नोलॉजी इन प्रजेन्ट सेनेरियो विषय पर सेमीनार

ग्रीन टेक्नोलॉजी पर राष्ट्रीय सेमीनार सम्पन्न

आचरण संवाददाता

सागर। शासकीय स्वशासी कन्या स्नातकोतर उत्कृष्टता महाविद्यालय सागर में विज्ञान संकाय द्वारा ''रोल ऑफ ग्रीन एण्ड क्लीन टेबनोलींजी इन प्रजेन्ट सेनेरियो'' विषय पर एक दिवसीय राष्ट्रीय सेमीनार सम्पन्न हुआ। उद्घाटन समागित के अवसर पर मुख्य अर्तिथ के रूप में डॉ. अनिल पारे रिटायर्ड जज इन्दौर, विशिष्ट अर्तिथ डॉ. ए.पी मिन्ना प्रोफेसर केन्द्रीय वि.वि. सागर, वी.के. डहेरिया एस.डी.एम सागर, विधायक प्रतिनिधि ग्रासुक जैन, रानी अवर्तीबाई लोधी वि.वि. की कुलस्तिबव डॉ. शक्ति जैन, रसायन विधायाध्यक्ष डॉ. ए.एच. अंसारी, मंचासीन थे। कार्यक्रम की अध्यक्षता महाविद्यालय के ग्राचार्य डॉ. आनंद तिवारी के द्वारा की गई थी।

कार्यक्रम का शुभारंभ दीप प्रज्जवलन एवं सरस्वती वन्दना से हुआ। संमीनार को संयोजक डॉ. प्रतिमा खरे ने स्वागत उद्घोधन दिया तथा ग्रीन टेक्नोलॉजी के बारे में विस्तार से प्रकाश डाला और कार्य कि ग्रीन टेक्नोलॉजी पर्यावरण को समुद्ध रखते हुये विकास की तकनीक है। पीधे ही कार्बन डाइआक्साइड को अवशोखित करके बतावरण की सरकाई में महत्वपूर्ण भूमिका अदा करते हैं, अतः हमारे स्वस्थ्य रहने के लिये हरियाली होना अदा करते हैं। यही हिरयाली सूर्य की कर्जा को अवशोधित कर हमें भोजन प्रदान करती है। अतः हमारे जीवन का अस्तित्व पेह, पीधों से ही प्रतिपादित होता है। विशिष्ट अतिथि डॉ.. ए.पी मिश्रा, प्राध्यापक, केन्द्रीय वि.वि. सागर ने कहा कि अर्ज का यह राष्ट्रीय संमीनार महत्वपूर्ण दिवस पर आयोजित हो रहा है। आज के दिन ही प्रख्यात वैज्ञानिक सी.वि. प्रमन को नोबल पुरस्कार मिला था। हमारा प्राचीन भारत वैज्ञानिक दृष्टिकोण से आज से भी क्यादा सशक्त था। विशिष्ट अतिथि वी.के. डोरिया एस.डी.एम सागर ने कहा कि हम अपनी कर्जा का सही उपयोग करें तो परिणाम हमारे अनुकृत होंगे। कार्यक्रम की

अध्यक्षता करते हुये संस्था प्राचार्य डॉ. आनंद तिवारी ने कहा कि विज्ञान ऐसा ज्ञान है जो कारण और परिणाम के साथ आता है जो अवलोकन एवं अनुभाव के आधार पर होता है। पंच तत्वों से जड़ और चेतन का उद्गम हुआ है। प्रकृति माँ एवं मनुष्य पुत्र है। वर्तमान में जल, जंगल, जर्मीन का हास हो रहा है, अतः नये पौधों को लगाना आवश्यक है। जनभागीदारी अध्यक्ष प्रतिनिधि विनय मिश्रा अपने उद्बोधन में सभी प्रतिभागियों को शुभकामनायें दी। मुख्य अतिथि डॉ. अनिल पारे ने कहा कि निरंतर प्रगति हेतु खुशहाली, हरित क्रांति एवं प्रत्येक चेहरे पर मुस्कान लाना आवश्यक है। दक्षता, कुशलता उत्तम कार्य करने से ही आती है। सही दिशा में भरपुर ज्ञान ही नयी तकनीकों को जन्म देता है। आज अल्प ज्ञान से काम नहीं चल सकता अपितु भरपूर सटीक ज्ञान ही हमें विकास का मार्ग दिखा सकता है। रानी अवंतीबाई लोधी वि.वि. की कलसचिव डॉ. शक्ति जैन ने कहा कि आज का विषय सभी के लिये आवश्यक है। यह सतत् विकास एवं निरंतर चलने वाली प्रक्रिया है। आने वाली पीढ़ी के भविष्य का विचार कर हमें आज निर्णय लेने होंगे। कार्यक्रम का संचालन करते हुये सेमीनार की सचिव डॉ. दीपा खटीक ने कहा कि ग्रीन टेक्नालाजी का उपयोग मानव आदिकाल से करता चला आ रहा है इसके विकास हेतु ऐसी तकनीक का उपयोग आवश्यक है जिसका रीसाइकिल किया जा सके। उदाटन सत्र का आभार डॉ. आर.एस. वर्मा द्वारा व्यक्त किया गया। सेमीनार के विषय विशेषज्ञ हरिसिंह गौर विश्वविद्यालय सागर के वनस्पति शास्त्र प्राध्यापक डॉ. प्रमोद खरे ने हरित प्रोद्योगिकी की जरूरत एवं विश्व व्यापी मांग पर प्रकाश डाला एवं ग्लोबल वार्मिंग, ग्रीन हाउस, औद्योगिकीकरण जैसी समस्याओं पर भी चर्चा की। आपने हरित प्रोद्योगिकी के विभिन्न प्रकारों के बारे में विस्तार से चर्चा की। द्वितीय सत्र का संचालन डॉ. सुनीता सिंह प्राध्यापक प्राणीशास्त्र ने किया। वक्ता के रूप में डॉ. नवीन कांगों, सूक्ष्मजीव

विज्ञान विभाग डॉ. हरीसिंह गौर वि.वि. सागर ने सुख्म जीवविज्ञान जीनोम, ट्रान्सक्रिप्टोम की हरित प्रोद्योगिकों में उपयोगिता तथा सकारात्मक एवं नकारात्मक प्रभावों पर प्रकाश डाला। बुन्देलखंड वि.वि. झांसी के डॉ. प्रकाशचंद्र एवं डॉ. मानवेन्द्र सिंह सेंगर, कायनात खान, प्रियंका, नीलम रिर्च स्कॉलर तथा महाविद्यालय के अतिथि विद्वान डॉ. विकाशचंद्र त्रिपाठी, सुजाता नेमा पेपर प्रस्तुत किये। समापन कार्यक्रम में मुख्य अतिथि डॉ. प्रमोद खरे, विशिष्ट अतिथि डॉ. जी.एल. दुबे, सर्वानिवृत्त प्राचार्य एवं कार्यक्रम की अध्यक्षता संस्था प्राचार्य डॉ. आनंद तिवारी ने की। सह संयोजक हाँ ए.एच अंसारी ने प्रतिवेदन प्रस्तुत किया एवं कहा कि आज वातावरण को असली नुकसान धनिकारक रसायनों से हो रहा है ग्रीव टेक्नोलॉजी में रसायनो का उपयोग कम से कम होना चाहिये। आभार सेमीनार की संयोजक डॉ. प्रतिमा खरे द्वारा दिया गया। इस सेमीनार में डॉ. सिद्धार्थ सिंह, श्रीमती राज शाक्यवार, डॉ. अमिता विश्वकर्मा, शुभांजली रैकवार, शिखा कोच्टी के निर्देशन में 30 पोस्टर व 10 मॉडल की विषय से सम्बंधित प्रदर्शनी लगाई गई। जिसमें निर्णायक की भूमिका डॉ. इला तिवारी, से.नि. प्राचार्य, डॉ. अर्चना वर्मा, से.नि. प्राचार्य, प्राध्यापक जनक आही ने निभाई गई। मॉडल मेकिंग में प्रथम स्थान मेघा पाण्डेय भौतिको, द्वितीय स्थान पूजा चौबे रसायन एवं तृतीय स्थान शीतल गुप्ता वनस्पति विभाग की छात्रा को प्राप्त हुआ। पोस्टर मेकिंग में प्रथम स्थान सविता पटैल भौतिकी, द्वितीय स्थान दीक्षा चौकसे रसायन एवं तृतीय स्थान निया खान प्राणीशास्त्र विभाग की छात्रा को प्राप्त हुआ। पोस्टर व मोडल में सम्मान राशि प्रथम 1500 द्वितीय 1000 व तृतीय स्थान को 500 रूपये है। कार्यक्रम में खें. रेनुबाला शर्मा परीक्षा नियंत्रक सहित महाविद्यालय का समस्त शैक्षणिक एवं अशैक्षणिक स्टाफ तथा सभी उपस्थित थे।

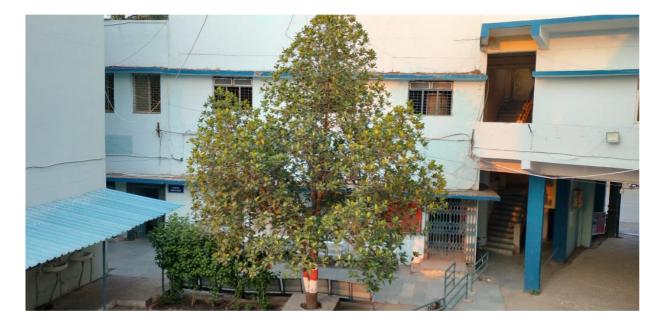




10.4 Carbon Footprint

A carbon footprint is the amount of greenhouse gases—primarily carbon dioxide— released into the atmosphere by an individual, event, organization, service, or product, expressed as carbon dioxide equivalent. In addition to the water, waste, energy and biodiversity audits we can also determine what our carbon footprint is, based on the amount of carbon emissions created. The release of carbon dioxide gas into the Earth's atmosphere through human activities is commonly known as carbon emissions.

An important aspect of doing an audit is to be able to measure our impact so that we can determine better ways to manage the impact. In addition to the water, waste, energy and biodiversity audits we can also determine what our carbon footprint is, based on the amount of carbon emissions created.



- A) The following activity/utility is responsible for carbon emission:-
- ✓ Transportation
- ✓ Electricity purchased from Distribution companies.



10.4.1 Carbon Emission by Transportation

Principal, Administrator, teaching & non-teaching staff and students comes to college either by two wheelers & fourwheelers. The two major fuels used by the transport sector are petrol and diesel. These fuels are carbon intensive as they contain 80-85% of carbon by weight.

					A	В	С	D= C/B	E	F=E x D	G	H=G x F x A
SI. No.	Fuel Use d	Types of Transpor t	Persons	Numbers ofPersons	Nos. of Vehicle Used	mileage	Av. distance in KM	Fuel Consum ed per Day per Vehicle in ltr	Total workin gdays	Petrol Consumption Per Vehicle in a year	Emission factor	Total emissio n
	No		Students	2500	2500							
1	Fue I	Bicycle	Non Teaching Staff	13	13							
			Students	600	500	40	20	0.5	176	88	2.67	140976
2	Petrol	Two Wheeler	Non Teaching Staff	75	75	40	30	0.75	176	132	2.67	26433
			Teaching Staff	40	40	40	20	0.5	176	88	2.67	9398
3	Petrol	Four Wheeler	Teaching Staff	65	65	15	20	1.33	176	234.1	2.67	40628
		Auto	Students	900	225	25	30	1.2	176	211.2	2.67	507514
4	Diesel	Rus	Students	860	50	6	40	6.67	176	1174	2.67	2695739
		Bus	Teaching Staff	5	2	6	60	10	176	1760	2.67	23496
	Total Co2 emission in Kg Co2 eq per Year							3444184				

Table 19: Carbon emission by transport



Thus, total emission by the transport is 2,37.559 KG CO₂ eq. Per year

10.4.2 Carbon Emission by Electricity

Electricity is taken by grid which uses coal for generating electricity or DG setwhich uses diesel for electricity generation.

Parameter	Emission Factor (A)	Unit in KWH (B)	Total emission (C= A x B)
Grid Electricity	0.82	159256	130590
	130590		

Table 20: Carbon Emission by Electricity

Thus, total emission by purchased electricity is 1,30,590 KgCO_{2Eq.}

Total Carbon dioxide emission at Govt. Autonomous Girls Post Graduate College of Excellence, Sagar

Area	CO2 eq. emission in KG	
Electricity	130,590	
Transport	3444184	
Total	3,574,774	

Table 21: Total Carbon dioxide emission at Govt. Autonomous Girls Post Graduate College of Excellence, Sagar

10.5 Reduction of Carbon Emission

- **B)** The following installation /activity is responsible for reduction in carbon emission:-
- ✓ Off grid Solar Power Plant of 10 KW Capacity
- ✓ Composting
- ✓ Tree plantation

10.5.1 Reduction of Carbon Emission by Solar Power Plant

The solar power plant has generated 63,622 unit from renewable sources in the year 2019-2020. If it is not generated from solar then it would be purchased from electricity distribution companies which will produced from burning of coals in thermal power plant, which causes carbon dioxide emission.

	Parameter	Emission Factor	Unit in KWH	Total reduction of	
r	gy Audit, Environmental Au	dit and Green Audit		Pusale	-

			emission
Solar PowerPlant	0.82	4325	3547

Table 22 Reduction of Carbon Emission by Solar Power Plant



Thus, solar power plant has reduced 19,680 KG of CO₂eq. Per year.

10.5.2 Reduction of Carbon Emission due to absorption of CO₂ byTree Plantation

Planting is a great way to help sequester carbon emissions. Through photosynthesis <u>trees absorb carbon dioxide to produce oxygen, food</u> andwood.

Particulars of Flora	Numbers	Carbon absorption by one tree Per year	Total Carbon Di Oxide in Kg
Full grown Tree	675	6.8	4590
Semi Grown Tree	250	3.4	850
Quarter grown plants	128	1.7	218
Total Carbon dioxideabsorption by trees			5658

Table 23: Carbon absorption by tree plantation.

10.5.3 Total Reduction in Carbon dioxide emission at Govt. Autonomous Girls Post Graduate College of Excellence, Sagar Campus

Area	Reduction in CO2 eq. emission in KG
Solar	3547
Trees	5658
Total	9205

Table 24: Total Reduction in Carbon dioxide emission



11. RECOMMENDATIONS



Reg. No. 06/09/01/09343/12 Dated: 25/9/2012



Certificate of Appreciation

This is to certify that

Govt. Auto. Girls P.G. College of Excellence, Sagar (M.P.)
has done an exemplary social service to senior citizen and
differently able persons of Sagar during the year 2022-23.
Your contribution towards humanity is the highest in the field of
social service. We appreciate your hard and selfless
efforts to serve the nation.

Date: 31 March 2023

Dr. Rekha Rai President

Address: H-54, Shanti Vihar Colony, Makroniya, Sagar 470 004 Mob. 7000946553, e-mail: rai.rekha90@yahoo.in



Awnee Welfare Society

Tress & Womankind are the Blessings to Humanity

Mennento of Recognition

We are glad to issue the

Green Campus Award

to

Government Autonomous Girls' P. G. College of Excellence, Sagar (M.P.)

For exemplary and continuous effort for maintaining the environment friendly practices in the college campus for the year 2022-2023

Mr. Vijay Gupta Founder Dr. Smita Rashi President

Regd. Office: 42, Comfort Enclave, Bawadiya Kalan, Bhopal-462039 Contact: 9098492591, 9479647970